The John N. Clay Farmstead has a two-story frame dwelling with vinyl siding which has considerably altered one of its most prominent exterior features, a second story sun porch which extended over a one-story veranda which encircles the south elevation and parts of the east and west sides. The band of 2/2 windows on the sun porch was covered, leaving a Palladian window in The farmstead also has an extensive set of outbuildings in the gable peak. deteriorated condition, the principal buildings being a frame and stone bank barn with cupolas, a wagon shed/corn crib of the same design, a frame meathouse with an extended gable over the doorway, several chicken houses and a hog The farmstead was established by John N. Clay (1846-1923) and is still barn. owned by his descendants. It is minimally significant in architecture due to alteration of the dwelling and the deterioration of the outbuildings; however, vestiges of the original appearance of the house and the number of outbuildings remaining constitute some historical character.

F-5-92 John N. Clay Farmstead Kemptown Frederick County

HISTORIC CONTEXT:

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Piedmont (Harford, Baltimore, Carroll, Crederick, Howard, Montgomery Counties, and Baltimore City)

Chronological/Development Period: Industrial/Urban Dominance, A.D. 1870-1930

Prehistoric/Historic Period Themes
Agriculture
Architecture, Landscape Architecture and Community Planning

Resource Types:

Category: Building

Historic Environment: Rural

Historic Function and Use:

Domestic/single dwelling/residence

Domestic/secondary structure/other dependencies Agriculture/subsistence/animal facility/barn

Agriculture/subsistence/animal facility/chicken coop

Agriculture/subsistence/storage/granary

Known Design Source: None



Survey No. F-5-92

Magi No.

DOE _yes x no

Maryl	and	Hist	orical	Trust	HIS
				Inventory	Form

<u> 1. Nam</u>	e (indicate pr	eferred name)	····	
historic Jol	hn N. Clay Farmstead	i		
and/or common				
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	4105 Bill Moxl	ey Road		not for publication
city, town Ke	emptown	<u>x</u> vicinity of	congressional district	6th
st a te ^{Ma}	aryland	county	Frederick	
3. Clas	sification			
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public x private both Public Acquisition in process being considered x not applicable	Status occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park x private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	rty (give names a	nd mailing address	es of <u>all</u> owners)
name Hilo	da M. McPherson & D	orothy Arrington		
street & number	13228 Old Nation	al Pike	telephone n	10.:
city, town Mt.	Airy	state	and zip code Md	. 21771
5. Loca	ation of Leg	al Description	on	
courthouse, regi	istry of deeds, etc. Fred	erick County Courth	ouse	liber ¹⁴²⁸
street & number	100 W. Patrick S	treet		folio ⁶³⁸
city, town	rederick		state	MD 21771
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing	Historical Sur	veys
title				
date			federal sta	ate county loca
pository for su	urvey records			
city, town			state	

7. Description

Survey No.

F-5-92

Condition
excellent
good

x fair

____ deteriorated ____ ruins ____ unexposed Check one
unaltered
x altered

Check one

X original site

moved d

i

date of move

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

CONTRIBUTING RESOURCE COUNT: 10

The John N. Clay Farmstead is a formerly agricultural complex centered on a two story frame dwelling with vinyl siding built about 1896 and its domestic and agricultural outbuildings built between 1896 and about 1930. The farmstead is now principally a private residence and is located on the north side of Bill Moxley Road about 0.9 mile northeast of the intersection of Bartholows Road near Kemptown, Frederick County, Maryland. The farmstead's principal contributing outbuildings are a circa 1900 barn with a sign reading "J.W. Moxley 1902" which is not original to the Clay barn, a wagon shed/corn crib with cupolas, a frame meathouse with an extended gable roof over the entrance, several chicken houses, a hog barn, a concrete block milk house, and an equipment shed. These buildings date mostly from the period 1900 to 1930. A non-contributing loafing shed is near the barn. The dates of the buildings are based on personal interviews, architectural details, and land records.

The dwelling's south elevation in its original form was dominated by a projecting cross gable from the main gable roof ridge. The gable extended on the second story over a one-story open veranda which sheltered three sides of the The second story cross gable had several windows on each of its three sides with an arched Palladian window in the gable peak. The vinyl siding application recent years covered the entire south side of the cross gable, leaving the Palladi window as the only opening on the south side. The east and west sides of the gable each have two 2/2 windows, indicating the original sash type of the covered openings. Below the gable, the one-story porch has turned columns with brackets and The first story has two bays with an entrance in the west bay a spindle frieze. under a narrow two-light transom and sidelights. The flanking window bay has a 2/2 sash with replacement shutters. The roof is standing seam metal with an off-center The gable ends have a single center bay with an arched attic window and 2/2 sash in the first and second stories. The rear elevation has a two-story shed addition which has been altered near the northwest corner with a raised gable roof. This projects beyond the end of the veranda above an exposed cellar entrance on the west side. The east end of the addition has a one-story enclosure at the end of the veranda which is the current rear entrance to the kitchen of the house. Across the north elevation of the addition are three bays, each with 2/2 windows and A second interior chimney rises from the roof. The dates of replacement shutters. the changes to the house are difficult to identify by the exterior because the vinyl siding covers the original siding, which was probably german siding. The interior was inaccessible for this survey, but personal interviews with the current owners, Mrs. Hilda McPherson and Mrs. Dorothy Arrington, and the resident tenant indicate that considerable remodeling has taken place.

Meathouse: The frame meathouse located northeast of the house has clapboard siding and a corrugated metal roof. The roof extends over the west gable end, providing an enclosed loft cantilevered above the doorway, which is unusual in having double vertical tongue-and-groove doors. The meathouse was probably built about 1896.

1600- 1700- 1800-	-1499 -1599 -1699 -1799 -1899			Co eo er er en	ommunity onservation conomics ducation ngineering	planning on	law liter liter mili mus phil	ature tary sic osophy tics/government	religion
Specific (dates	C	1896-1930	Builde	er/Archit	ect			
	aı	nd/or	e Criteria: X A				EF	G	
	Leve:	l of	Significance: _	_natio	nal _	_state ×	_local		
Prepare	both	a su	mmary paragraph	of sig	mificar	nce and a	a gener	al statement o	of history and

F-5-92

Survey No.

8. Significance

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The John N. Clay Farmstead is minimally significant in architecture for the general form of the dwelling, built about 1896 by John N. Clay (1846-1923), but much altered in the 1980's by the addition of vinyl siding which covered an important feature of the design, a second story sun porch. The farmstead is also marginally important for the number of surviving outbuildings and for the design of the bank barn and the wagon shed/corn crib which were built about 1896-1900. Their generally deteriorated condition has lowered the integrity of the farmstead, but the cupolas siding indicate that the original forms were typical of agricultural outbuildings available through farm supply catalogs and had standardized designs. Then Clay died in 1923, alterations were undoubtedly already being made to the barn d other buildings to adapt the farm to dairy production as its principal crop. The concrete enclosure of the stall level in the barn and the addition of the milk house were typical changes found on the majority of farms in Frederick County during the 1920's. Descendants of John N. Clay still own the farmstead, but it is no longer in agricultural use.

9. Ma	jor Bibliographical	l Reference	Survey No. F-5-92
p. 245. Land Reco	t, Jacob M. Names In Stone, V.l ords of Frederick County n, Mrs. Hilda M., telephone int Mrs. Anna B., telephone intervi	cerview, April 199	
10. G	eographical Data		
Acreage of no Quadrangle r UTM Referen		ences	Quadrangle scale1:24000
Zone Ea	asting Northing	B	Northing I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
Approxima	ndary description and justification ately 5 acres centered on the dates and counties for properties overla		
cist all stat state	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
11. F	orm Prepared By		
name/title	Janet L. Davis, Historic Site	s Surveyor	
organization	Frederick County Planning & Z	oning Dept. date	June 1994
street & numb	ber 12 E. Church Street	telepho	one 696-2958
city or town	Frederick	state	MD 21701
	The Maryland Historic Sites I an Act of the Maryland Legisl Code of Maryland, Article 41, The survey and inventory are	lature to be found , Section 181 KA,	l in the Annotated 1974 supplement.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
Shaw House
21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 269-2438

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
DHCP/DHCD
100 COMMUNITY PLACE
CROWNSVILLE, MD 21032-2023
514-7600

John N. Clay Farmstead Frederick County

7.1 Description (Continued)

Chicken houses, hog barn, equipment shed: The agricultural outbuildings north and northeast of the dwelling are in deteriorated condition. At least three appear to be chicken houses and one was most probably built as a hog barn. Most have varied siding, some vertical boards, some clapboard, some covered with asphalt material. The shed roofs are corrugated metal. Windows are mostly 6/6 or openings with missing sash. The equipment shed has a higher roof with a shallow gable and two large openings on the west elevation. A frame shed northwest of the house near the north side of the driveway was also described as a chicken house by Mrs. McPherson. It has vertical siding which has traces of whitewash and a deteriorated corrugated metal roof with a single vertical board door on the south. These outbuildings range in date from about 1900 to 1930.

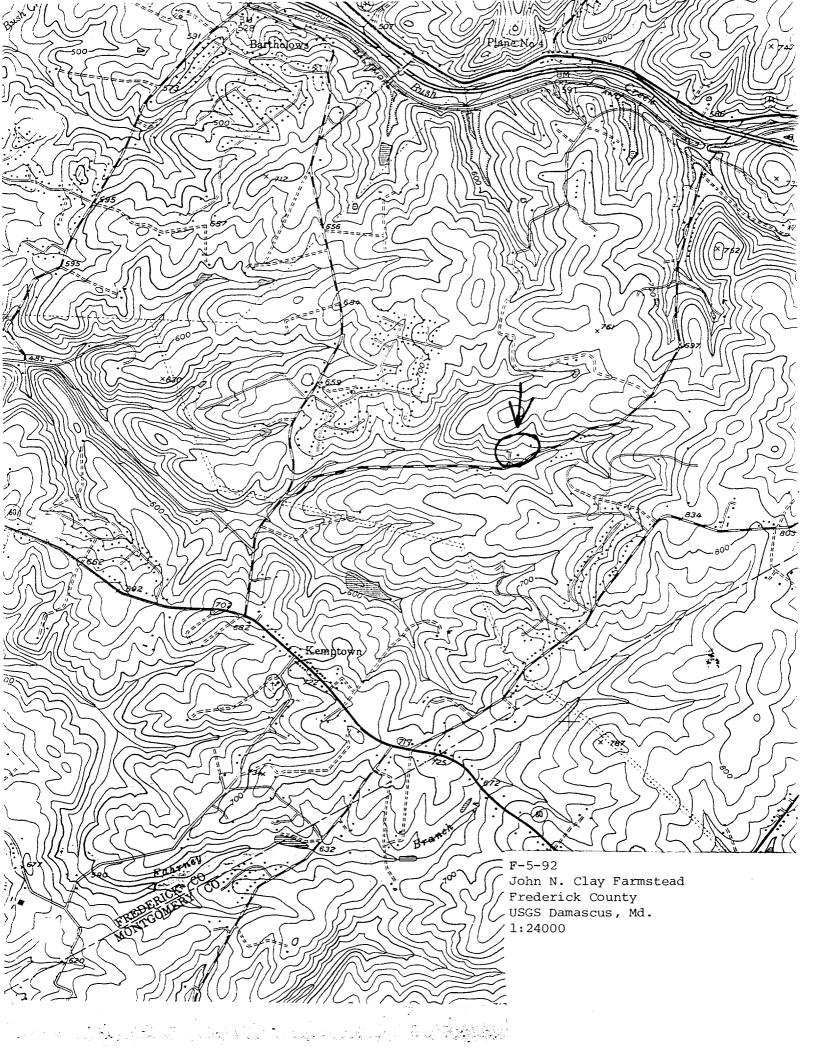
Wagon shed/corn crib: The frame wagon shed has german siding on the south elevation and vented horizontal siding on the east and west cribs. Stone piers raise the building from the ground and the corrugated metal roof is crowned by two louvred cupolas. A single 6/6 window lights the loft in the south elevation. The wagon shed was probably built about 1896-1900.

Bank barn and milk house: The frame and stone bank barn located west of the house was built about 1896-1900 and has three deteriorated cupolas on the ridge of the corrugated metal roof. The exterior has louvred arched vents and vertical siding. Below the forebay on the south elevation is an enclosure of concrete block with a bank of 6/6 windows, some of which are currently missing, which was added about 1920-1925 to form a milking parlor. Adjoining the barn on the east side is a rusticated concrete block milk house, probably built about 1925-1930. South of the barn is a non-contributing loafing shed. The sign on the barn with the name of J. W. Moxley and the date 1902 were originally on a barn in another farm owned by James W. Moxley. That barn was destroyed by lightning and the sign was salvaged and placed on the barn in the Clay farmstead, which was of about the same date. This information was provided by Mrs. McPherson and Mrs. Arrington, the daughters of Mr. Moxley.

Lot Size, Description, Original Tracts, Miscellaneous

Cost

Liber/Folio	Grantee	Grantor	Miscellaneous	
142 8/638 24 June 87	HeldaM Mosher- Son & Dorothy arrengton	Janus Mr. Morley A anna B. Medy his wife	P.1: 1190, 36 sq. fo. on leath seder of public road from Plane No.4 to Kemptown 350/362 P.2: 500, 3R., 1sq. fo.	
395/514 7 Dæ. 34	James Mr + canna B Modey	Ledenchlower Sawigs Dril	500.3R.,1-4g.p.	
380/377 28 Sept 3/	Janesh 9 mary annalistic Mortey	Sorah Belle Elay, unm.	1190., 36-19. p.	#5,450
350/362 1Mov 24	Sarah Belle Elay	John a. 7 Laura G. Engle		#6 55 7.37%
350/360 1 Nov 24	John a. Engle	Jesse Clary classes & con for the Contract of	1 - A n Change Change	
2) DHH 5/31 23 Oct 189	8 John M. Clay	Otho T. and Sarah C. Sout	part of "Pattlemend Forest" 5 5/8 a.	\$168
	o John M. Clay		1130.	#2575
,	9 Melien 8. Wood	John M. Clary trustee in Equity 6412	Equity Record 5TH 1/9) John M Clary res. Juliant the 10/200 10/200 1/900 Clescription of bridge.	\$ 2 305.20
AF 5/583 29 Nov-188	Julia a Diffith			#1950





F-8-92 John N. Clay Formstead Frederick County Photo: Janet Couls April 1994 Neo. loc. Md. SHPO. Crownsulle, Md South elevation



John W. Clau Formstead Frederick County April 1904 Lieg. loc. Md SHPO Crownsville Md.



F 5-72 John N. Clay Formstend Frederick County Photo Jonet Cours Net lec. : Ald THPO, Crownsville, Ald North elevation



John W. Don Formstead Frederick County Photo: Janet Davis April 1994 NEG. loc. Md. SHPO. Crownsville Mid Meathouse, northwest corner were



F = 5-95 John H. Clay Formsteam Photos Janet Davis Arril 1994 Nea. loc. Md ELRO Crownsville md Chicken houses and equipment shed view from



John N. Jay Farm Stead Prederick Courty April 201 New or Mid. SHPO. CHOWNSUITE Mid.



F-3-75 John N. Pa Farm Stara Mean ben Mid. Ithou Crownship bulle Born couth Elevation